MADRAS COURIER.

VOLUME XXVII. | TUESDAY, MARCH 12, 1811. | NUMBER 1327.

TO THE EDITOR of the MADRAS COURIER.

SIR,

I request you to publish the accompanying letter in two of your successive papers.

Yours obediently,
A SUBSCRIBER.

TO THE EDITOR of the MADRAS COURIER.

SIR,

"In the account, which appeared in the Madras Papers of the Race, which took place at the Mount on the 30th January last, for the "Mercury Sweepstakes" it mentioned that "Sulky took the lead at *Score*, Emma and Gunah at his heels and alternately pressing him *close*." I had no concern that morning in any horse that started, nor had I any bets, I therefore had more time to give particular attention to the running. Sulky certainly took the lead, and he appeared to me to keep it with much ease, during the time that "Emma and Gunah" were at his heels. How far therefore two horses of inferior speed and bottom could *press* "Sulky" is a term, which I do not understand.

At the time when Salky took the last turn, which is about four hundred and eighty yards from the winning post, Sir Solomon appeared to me to be two hundred yards behind him, and had Emma, or Guansh been able to *press* Sulky, Sir Solomon, with the speed of the noted Eclipse, could not have won the Race. This is the second Race, which I have seen lost on the Madras Course by the inattention of Jockeys, or the want of a friend on Horseback."

"I am Mr Editor,
Your's very obediently,
(Signed) SURPRIZE."

ST. THOMAS'S MOUNT, *March* 1, 1811.

THE COURIER.

TUESDAY, MARCH 12, 1811.

REVENUE DEPARTMEN.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following Advertisement be published for general information.

For the information of the Owners and Commanders of Country Ships, or of Arab Vessels, it is hereby notified that a quantity of Salt is now ready for exportation to Calcutta at the several ports in the districts of Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, and Tanjore, as particularized in the following statement.

	M. Garce.		Bengal Mds.
At the several ports in the Nellore district, about......	7,000	or	8,1400
At Covelong in the Chingleput district...............	300	or	36,000
At Pondicherry in South Arcot..........................	100	or	12,000
At the several ports in Tanjore district about.........	2,000	or	1,40.000

Of the quantity of Salt ready for exportation in the Nellore district, about 3,000 Madras Garce or 3.60,000 Bengal Maunds are now stored at the ports of Eskapully, Kistnapatam, Toommalpenta and Binganapully.

In the course of the season it is expected that a farther quantity of about 3,500 Madras Garce or 4,20,000 Bengal Maunds, will be appropriable to exportation from the district of Nellore, and about 1000 Madras Garce or 1,20,000 Bengal Maunds from the Port of Covelong.

The Salt will be delivered on board to the exporters at the rate of 24 Arcot Rupees the Garce calculated to contain 1200 Bengal Maunds, and the exporters will be entitled to receive payment on delivery of the Salt at Calcutta, at the present Permit price, which is 72 Sicca Rupees per 100 Bengal Maunds.

APPOINTMENTS, &c.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the undermentioned promotions.

CORPS OF ARTILLERY.

Lieutenant Colonels Commandant R. Bell, and Tredway Clarke, to be Colonels, dates of commission 25th July 1810.

The Governor in Council is pleased to transfer Lieutenant Colonel Haslewood, to the Invalid Establishment.

Lieutenant Leonard, of the 3d Regiment Native Cavalry, to proceed to England on sick certificate.

On Friday evening anchored in the Roads H. M. Ship Minden, 74 guns, Captain Hoare, from Bombay. Same day H. M. Cutter Sylvia, Lieutenant Craufurd. The latter vessel was despatched yesterday to Europe.

The Minden fell in off the Basses with His Majesty's Ship Clorinde, Capt. Briggs, bound to Bombay. H. M. Sloop Hesper, having on board His Excellency General Abercrombie, has also been spoken off Ceylon.

On Saturday a Salute of 11 guns was fired on the departure of Colonel Aldwell Taylor to assume the command of Mysore. And on Monday a similar salute on account of the arrival of Colonel Hare at the Presidency.

Shipping Arrivals and Departures since our last.

ARRIVALS.—March 2d, Brig Success, Captain Scott, from Chittagong left 18th February.—3d, Brig Passer, Captain J. Mateez, from Malay Coast left 19th February.—4th, Brig Sumatra, Captain J. Anthony, from Penang left 3d February.—6th, Brig Providence, Captain M. Pike, from Coringa left 1st March.—Cutter Harriett, Captain Alwieitty, from Porto Novo left 4th March.—7th, Cutter Mary, Captain M. Sparrow, from Calcutta left 13th Feb.—Cartel Ship La Creole, Capt. Allegre, from Calcutta left 28th February.—8th, His Majesty's Ship Minden, from Bombay,—ditto, His Majesty's Cutter Sylvia.

DEPARTURES.—March 5th, Brig Covelong, Captain Charles Donne, to the Isle of France,—do. Schooner Maria, Capt. C. Kuhler, to Columbo,—9th, H. M. Ship Cornelia, on a Cruize,—10th, Ship La Creole, to France.

MADRAS.

BIRTH.—On the 24th ultime, the Lady of Captain Sydenham Smith, of the 2d Battalion 13th Regiment N. I. of a Son.

DEATH.—On Wednesday evening, the 6th March His Excellency WILLIAM O'BRYEN DRURY, Esq. Vice Admiral of the Blue & Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels in the East Indies—The remains of this gallant and veteran Officer, were interred in St. Mary's Church, the following evening, with every mark of honor and respect.

The Flags of the Garrison, Naval Hospital, Admiralty Office and Ships in the Roads were flying half mast high, during the whole day—shortly after three o'clock the troops destined to form the procession arrived at the Garden House—His Majesty's 14th, 59th, and 69th Regiments with 2 Squadrons of Horse Artillery and 11 field-pieces furnished with 3 rounds of blank cartridge, together with 4 four troops of His Majesty's 22d Light Dragoons, the whole under the Command of Major General Wetherall, were appointed to escort the Body to the Fort. About 5 o'clock the Honorable the Governor attended by the whole of the Body Guard arrived, and shortly after the Corpse was placed on a Car, ornamented with plumes and other insignia, appropriate to the melancholy occasion—the Lieutenants and junior Officers of the fleet with about one hundred and fifty Seamen preceded the Car. The Honorable the Governor, the Honorable the Chief Justice, His Excellency the Commander in Chief, the Members of Government, the Honorable Sir Francis Macnaghten, Major General Gowdie, Major General Trapaud, and the whole of the Civil, Naval, and Military Officers at the Presidency followed in the procession, which was announced by minute guns from the Fort and His Majesty's squadron which were continued until the Body was deposited in the Grave.

On the arrival of the head of the column at the Fort Bridge the troops formed into a street, through which the procession passed—His Majesty's 89th Regiment formed the street from the Wallajah to the Church gate where the Body was taken from the Car and carried into the Church by the Barge men attached to his Excellency; Captain Drury following as Chief Mourner and the Captains of the Squadron supporting the Pall.

The Band of His Majesty's 14th Regiment and the Band attached to the Garrison, played several solemn pieces of music during the procession.

At the Church porch the Body was received by the Reverend E. Vaughan and the Reverend J. Mosely, who read the funeral service in a most impressive manner, which was followed by an anthem selected for the occasion—On the Body being lowered into the Grave, the Horse Artillery fired three rounds and the minute guns ceased. It was near eight o'clock before the service concluded.

The battle of Camperdown records the name of *Drury* in the proud list of Britain's Naval Heroes, of which mention is made in the *Antijacobin*, for November 1797, in the following terms.

"The *Powerful*, Captain DRURY, was the ship that seconded Admiral ONSLOW, and engaged the Dutch ship immediately astern of Admiral REYNTJES, which struck to him in less than half an hour. He then inquired where the *Venerable* was; and just discovering her flag through the smoke, and surrounded by Enemies, he instantly ordered his Pilot to carry him down to the Admiral's assistance, though the distance was near three miles, and he belonged to another Division. His arrival was very critical, the *Venerable* at that time having received near fifty shot between wind and water.—Admiral de WINTER declares, that the broadside of the *Powerful* was the most tremendous that he received.—Such gallantry deserves to be for ever recorded."

The Honorable Sir John Newbolt, we were concerned to hear, was prevented by indisposition from attending.

DEATH.—On Sunday the 10th Instant, the Lady of John De Fries, Esq. most sincerely regretted by her relations and Friends.

On the 26th February, at Tranquebar Mr. A. S. John, late Cadet in the Service of the Honorable Company, in the 23d year of his age.

BENGAL.

MARRIAGES.—At St. John's Church, by the Revd. Dr. Ward, Sir William Grant Keir, Knight, Adjutant General to the King's Troops in India, to Miss Rebecca Jackson.

On the 19th ult. at Mrs. Johnson's, Old Fort Street, by the Reverend Dr. Ward, Ensign Thomas Haslem, 26th Regiment N. I. to Miss Eliza Pyefinch.

On Saturday, Mr. John De Souza, to Miss T. Anderson.

On the 19th ult. by the Revd. Dr. Ward, Mr. Joseph Brown, to Miss Margaret Guthrie.

BIRTHS.—At Allahabad, on the 7th ult. the Lady of Lieutenant G. Nicholetts, of a Son.

At Fort Marlbrough, on the 18th Nov. the Lady of G. J. Siddons, Esq. of a Daughter.

DEATHS.—On Thursday morning, after a short but severe illness, Mr. John Le Clerc, Assistant Interpreter in the Supreme Court of Judicature.

On Monday the 11th ult. on board the H. C. Ship Earl St. Vincent, off the Sand Heads, Lieutenant John Maxwell, H. M. 24th Foot, a promising young officer, and very sincerely regretted.

BOMBAY.

DEATHS.—On the 3d February, Ensign Richard Elliott, H. M. 2d Battalion 56th Regiment.

On the 24th ult. Ensign Raisback, H. M. 1st Battalion 56th Regiment.

ARRIVALS.—Captain Thorn, 25th Dragoons—Captain J. Briggs, 1st Bat. 15th Regt.—Lieut. Wetherall, Royals—Lieut. Hume, 2d Bat. 15th Regt.—Lieut. J. W. Murray, 22d Dragoons—Surgeon Stewart,—and Assistant Surgeon Daking, 25th Dragoons.

DEPARTURE.—J. Wyse, 4th Native Cavalry.

CALCUTTA GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1811.

FORT WILLIAM.

FEBRUARY 9, 1811.

General Orders, by the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council has recently had the satisfaction to notify in General Orders, the gallant and successful attack upon the partizans of Gopaul Sing, by a detachment of the force employed in the Province of Bundlecund, against that Marauder; and His Lordship in Council now has great pleasure in publishing for general information, the following Report, dated the 21st of December, (the receipt of which has been retarded by accidental circumstances) of a further advantage obtained by a part of the same force under the immediate command of Lieutenant Colonel Brown, of the 1st Regiment of Native Cavalry, over a body of Horse commanded by Gopaul Sing himself.

The professional skill and gallantry of Lieutenant Colonel Brown, and the Officers and Men under his command, entitle them to the distinguished approbation of the Governor General in Council, but His Lordship in Council contemplates with peculiar admiration, the extraordinary and indefatigable exertions of the detachment in the pursuit of the enemy through a difficult country, in the course of which the detachment is stated in authentic accounts which have reached the Governor General in Council, to have marched the distance of fifty miles, without a halt, for the purpose of rest or refreshmant.

The satisfaction which the Governor General in Council has experienced on this occasion, is augmented by the reflection, that this successful enterprize has been accomplished without the occurrence of a single casualty among the gallant troops composing Lieut. Colonel Brown's detachment; His Lordship in Council avails himself of this opportunity to express the just sense which Government entertains of the unremitted zeal, activity, and judgment, which have distinguished the exertions of the several Officers engaged in framing and conducting the operations of the several detachments employed in the pursuit of Gopaul Sing and his adherents. The military arrangements for the execution of the service formed by Lieutenant Colonel Martindell, the Commanding officer in Bundlecund, have been highly creditable to the professional ability and public zeal of that Officer. The more immediate superintendance of the movements of the several detachments devolving upon Lieutenant Colonel Brown, as the senior Officer in the field, and the arduous duty of conducting the Corps under that Officer's personal Command, which has been especially engaged in the continual and active labors of pursuit, have been exercised in a manner to merit the utmost approbation and applause. The vigilance and energy displayed by Major Kelly, Captain Watson, and the other officers, Commanding Divisions and Parties, as well as the persevering exertions, patience and discipline of all the Officers and Men employed in the late trying and fatiguing service, have attracted the particular notice, and demand the highest commendation, of the Governor General in Council.

His Lordship in Council further deems it an act of justice on this occasion, to express his high estimation of the essential assistance which Mr. Richardson, the Governor General's Agent in Bundlecund, has rendered, by the judicious counsel which his local knowledge enabled him to afford, regarding the system of measures to be pursued by the salutary exertion of his influence and authority over the Chiefs of Bundlecund and its vicinity, and by the assiduous application of his time and talents to the execution of the various and complicated duties of his Station, as connected with the arrangements and operations of the campaign.

By Order of the Right Honorable
The Governor General in Council,
N. B. EDMONSTONE,
Chief Sec. to the Govt.

(COPY.)

To LIEUT. COLONEL MARTINDELL
Commanding in Bundlecund,
KEITAH.

SIR,

I have the pleasure to acquaint you, that this morning I had the satisfaction of coming up with Gopaul Sing, near the village of Killary, after a march of about fifty miles, he having marched about two hours before my arrival; I perceived his track, and determined to pursue him with the Cavalry, and in a short time, came up with his Horsemen in a thick jungle. A number fell on the first onset, and a great part of the remainder taking refuge, on a hill covered with thick jungle, were attacked by the Infantry, who arrived shortly afterwards; the total number of killed and wounded on the part of the enemy, I estimate at fifty. No Infantry were seen, nor is there any casualty on our part.

Gopaul Sing, as I am informed, being refused an asylum, in the country of the Rajah of Rewah, returned from Baroundah on the 20th, and encamped at the Hurde Ghaut, on the Bank of the Soone River; where I crossed, and proceeding on his track, had the good fortune to succeed, as I have reported; there are some Sirdars amongst the slain, but, Gopaul Sing, I fear, has escaped, owing solely to the nature of the ground, which was covered with thick jungle, and prevented his being particularized.

In this affair the utmost praise is due to the exertions, both of the Cavalry and Infantry, and it cannot be put in a stronger point of view, than by a reference to the length of the march previous to the attack, and the extent of the pursuit, which may be fairly reckoned at 100 miles; and I trust, they will meet with deserved consideration.

I have the honor to be &c.
(Signed) T. BROWN, Lieut. Col.

[illegible], *December* 21, 1810.

P. S. I shall have the pleasure to write you again to-morrow.

(A TRUE COPY,)
(Signed) T. BROWN, *Lieut. Col.*
(A TRUE COPY.)
(Signed), J. R. *A. G. G.*
(A TRUE COPY.)
N. B. EDMONSTONE,
Chief Sec. to the Govt.

FORT WILLIAM,

FEBRUARY 16, 1811.

General Orders by the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council having received the Official Report of the Reduction of the whole of the Mollucca Islands by the Arms of His Majesty and the Honorable Company, is pleased to direct the publication of the following documents, describing the details of the late brilliant and successful enterprizes against the Dutch Settlements of Banda and Ternate, which terminated in the capture of the former on the 8th and of the latter on the 28th of August.

His Lordship in Council considers the rapid conquest of a place, so strongly fortified by nature and by art as the Island of Banda, in the face of a superior force, without the loss of a man, as forming a singular event in the annals of British enterprize, and the Governor General in Council has great pleasure in recording a public testimony of the approbation and applause which he contemplates the distinguised zeal and gallantry of the Commanding Officer of the Troops, Captain Nixon, and the courage, discipline, and firmness of the general body of the Officers and Troops under his direction, in carrying into effect with such signal and rapid success, the plan of operations for the reduction of that Settlement, concerted by Captain Cole, of His Majesty's ship Caroline.

The Governor General in Council considers the expression of his high commendation, to be equally due to the gallantry and exertions of Captain D. Forbes, and of the Officers and men under his command, so conspicuously displayed in the attack of the fortified places on the Island of Ternate, under the general superintendance and authority of Captain Tucker, of His Majesty's ship Dover, the success of which was followed by the surrender of that important possession to the British Arms.

Although the restrictions of official form exclude from the cognizance of this Government the merits of the Officers and men of his Majesty's Naval Service employed on these occasions, yet the Governor General in Council cannot refrain from acknowledging the degree in which the acquisition of the Settlements of Banda and Ternate is to be attributed to the skill and exertions of Captains Cole and Tucker, and to the activity and zeal of the Officers and men under their command.

By Order of the Right Honorable
The Governor General in Council,
N. B. EDMONSTONE,
Chief Sec. to the Govt.

Extract from a Letter from Captain Nixon, to the Chief Secretary at Fort St. George, dated Sept.—, 1810.

The senior Officer Commanding the Squadron, having resolved to make an attempt upon Banda, in consequence applied to the Government of Penang for the assistance of as many Artillerymen as could be spared, and also, for some scaling Ladders, a sufficient number of the latter were received on board at Penang, and His Majesty's brig Barracouta, was dispatched to Malacca with orders for Lieutenant Yeates, and a detail

of twenty Non-Commissioned Rank and File of the Artillery, to embark immediately. The Caroline, with the Piedmontaise and Mandarin in company, sailed on the 10th, and arrived off Mallacca on the 12th of June, and being joined by the Barracouta with Lieutenant Yeates and his detail on board, the whole proceeded on the voyage Eastward, and only stopping a few days at Sooloo, for the purpose of completing the Ships with water and fresh provisions, arrived on the evening of the 8th of August in Banda Roads, not a single casualty having happened during our voyage from Penang, a period of nearly two months.

A few days before we arrived at Banda, Captain Cole had published in Orders, a Plan of Attack, a Copy of which, I have the honor to enclose, he now determined to carry it into immediate execution, and for that purpose, the Seamen, Marines and Soldiers were ordered to land; about eleven o'clock, commenced getting into the Boats from the several Ships; however, from the darkness of the night, and the weather being then very unfavorable for Boat service, it was found impossible to disembark the whole force at once, and consequently, though the detachment (with the exception of a very few sick,) were ready and anxious to share in the enterprize, I was under the disagreeable necessity of landing with only about fifty men.

The Boats, after having collected under the Cliff point of Great Banda (about two o'clock in the morning of the 9th,) proceeded to the point of debarkation on Banda Neira, and at four o'clock landed (in a heavy squall of rain and wind, to which I attribute our ultimate and happy success,) within an hundred yards of a battery of *ten guns*, which was immediately taken by a party of Seamen in advance, under the command of Captain Kenush, of the Barracouta; a Serjeant with a small party of Seamen, and a few of the Soldiers being left in charge, the remainder proceeded to the attack of Fort Belgica, in the following order, the Seamen followed by the scaling Ladders in front, the Marines and the Detachment under my command in the rear, for the purpose of covering them at the time of attack; from the near approach of day-light, there was not a moment to be lost, and accordingly, under the direction of a native guide, the whole advanced with great rapidity along the rear of the Town, and in a short time arrived under the outwalls of the Forts, which was carried by escalade, about half past five A. M. without the loss of a single man. The enemy upon the commencement of the attack, made a considerable resistance, but the covering party kept up such a constant and well directed fire, that they were soon drove from the Works.

(A True Extract,)
N. B. EDMONSTONE,
Chief Sec. to the Govt.

COPY.

To Captain M. H. COURT,
Commanding Amboyna, &c. &c. &c.

Sir,

I have much satisfaction in reporting to you the Capture of the Island of Ternate, which surrendered on the morning of the 31st ultimo.

His Majesty's ship Dover, with the Detachment you did me the honor to place under my Command, arrived in sight of the Island on the 25th, but from baffling winds and calms, a landing could not be effected until the morning of the 28th.

Being in hopes that a single ship would not have excited any great alarm, more especially as Captain Tucker had much disguised her, it was determined that a landing should [illegible] night near to Fort Kayo Meirah (which stands on a point, at the entrance of the Bay) with a view of carrying it by surprise; for this purpose, every preparation and arrangement had been previously made for escalading the walls.

On the afternoon of the 27th, His Majesty's ship Dover, stood in all sail set, with a fine breeze; about midnight the wind died away, and shortly after the land wind set in, upon which the Detachment (as per Margin*) was immediately ordered in the Boats.

My letter to Captain Tucker of the 1st Instant, a copy of which I have the honor to forward) gives a detail of its operation.

I have fully expressed my sentiments regarding the conduct of the officers and men employed, and assure you that every exertion to combat fatigue and difficulties, was cheerfully made, and every one seemed only desirous of pushing forward, in order to attain the ultimate object.

The service is much indebted to Captain Tucker, for his attention to the Detachment on shore, every possible assistance was rendered by him. The gallant manner in which he laid His Majesty's ship, close alongside the different Batteries, soon had the desired effect, and the Enemy was soon compelled to surrender, having suffered a heavy loss in Killed and Wounded, particularly from the fire of the Dover.

Lieutenant Cursham, who is in charge of this dispatch, will deliver to you the Colours of Fort Kayo Meirah, and those of the Regiment in Garrison here to be forwarded on to India; he is fully competent to give any additional information you may receive, not only regarding the Capture of the Island, but also the arrangements entered into.

I have the honor to enclose you a Return of the Killed and Wounded, as also the Ordnance, and Articles of Capitulation, and remain, &c.

(Signed) DAVID FORBES,
Captain Commanding.

A True Copy.
(Signed) M. W. COURT,
Captain Commanding.

Ternate, Fort Orange,
9th September, 1810.

Return of the Killed and Wounded.

KILLED.

Royal Marines,	1 Private.
Detachment M. E. Regt.	1 Serjeant.

WOUNDED.

Royal Marines,	1 Private, severely.
Seaman, -	1 Severely.
Detachment Artilllery,	1 Matross, severely since dead.
Ditto M. E. Regt.	Lieut. C. Forbes, a severe contusion from a fall in storming. 3 Private, severely. 6 Slightly.
Amboyna Corps,	1 Serjeant and 1 private, slightly.
Guides, -	1 Severely.
Total Killed,	1 Serjeant and 2 Privates.
Ditto Wounded,	1 Lieutenant, 1 Serjeant, 12 Privates and 1 Guide.

Return of mounted Ordnance, on the fortifications of Castle Orange, Fort Kayo, Mirah, Talokee, and the adjacent Batteries at Ternate.

Total.—Two 6 Pounder, three 4 Pounder, one 2 Pounder, four 1 Pounder, Brass. Eight 18 Pounder, twenty 12 Pounder, fourteen 8 Pounder, fourteen 6 Pounder, three 2 Pounder, three 1 Pounder, Iron. One Mortar, 7 inch, one Mortar, 4 inch, four Cohorns 4 inch, Brass.

DISMOUNTED ORDNANCE.

Total.—Two 4 Pounder, four 1 Pounder, one ½ Pounder, Brass. Two 6 Pounder, twelve 4 Pounder, two 2 Pounder, two 1 Pounder, Iron. One Mortar, 4½ inch, two Mortar, 4 inch, one Mortar, 5½ inch, Brass.

(Signed) DAVID FORBES, Captain Commanding.

* Seamen, 32. Marines, 36. Madras European Regiment, 74. Artillery, 10. A Corps, Natives, 32. Total including Officers, 174.

To EDWARD TUCKER, Esq.
Commanding H. M Ship Dover.

Sir,

I have the honor to detail to you, the operation of the Detachment under my command, from the time of its leaving His Majesty's ship Dover, until hostilities ceased against the Island of Ternate.

After the boats left the ship on the night of the 27th instant, every possible exertion was made by Lieutenant Jeffries in charge, to accomplish a landing before day-break, with a view of taking Fort Kyomeira, by surprize; finding however that so desirable an object could not be effected, I directed him to proceed to Sasa, (which is situated behind a point of land), were we landed without molestation about 7 A. M. Lieutenant Charles Forbes then moved forward with a party to occupy the heights, where he remained until the Gun and Ammunition could be brought up, this became a fatiguing service from the steepness of the hills and deep ravines.

About noon, after incredible labor, we gained a commanding position near the Sea, where we rested about two hours. Having left a party here to keep up the communication with the ship, we proceeded on to occupy a height said to command Fort Kyomeira, and which was pointed out as the spot taken up by the English last war, but to our great mortification on our gaining it, we found that the trees had grown so much, as to preclude entirely our seeing the Fort, in the mean time we perceived the Flag of Truce, hoisted on board His Majesty's ship Dover.

Being determined in the event of the enemy's not agreeing to the summons, to gain immediate position of Fort Kyomeira, I ordered 100 men, with a double sealing Ladder to be in readiness to storm the moment I received your Letter, inclosing the Governor's refusal, I proceeded or about 7 o'clock P. M. with this party, keeping the island road; after advancing some little way, we found it impossible to proceed farther, owing to immense trees cut down by the enemy, and thrown across the road. I then turned to the right, and after great labor reached the Beach, and about 10 o'clock, arrived within about 800 yards of the Fort undiscovered, we had not advanced fifty yards farther, before the enemy's out-sentry fired his Musket, immediately after a detachment of the enemy, with a Brigade of Guns, fired a volley: we now pushed forward, keeping up a fire of musketry, on the detachment outside, which drove them off.

The Fort now opened a very heavy fire of grape and musketry, notwithstanding which we crossed the ditch, and placed the Ladder on the Flank of the Bastion, on the right of the Bridge, under a brisk fire from the opposite Bastion. The Walls were escaladed and the Fort taken instantly, and an Officer and sixty-eight Prisoners secured.

As soon as any light appeared, the Battery of Kota Bara, opened a fire, the distance however was too far to do any damage.

Understanding that it was open to the rear, I ordered Lieutenant Cursham with a party to advance, and endeavour to gain possession, he was however obliged to return, the enemy having turned six heavy guns, and commenced a fire of grape. In consequence of your having communicated to me your intention of laying His Majesty's Ship Dover, alongside Kota Bara, the strand batteries, Fort Orange and the Town, I directed Lieutenant Cursham again to advance, with a six pounder, and take advantage of your fire. The enemy in the course of the day, threw up a breast work across the Road, defended by two field pieces. Lieutenant Cursham fired a few rounds from the six pounder, advanced and carried it, then proceeded on and got possession of Kota Barra, (the enemy only firing one round) and turned the guns towards the strand battery and the Town, keeping up a fire until the Flag of Truce was hoisted.

I cannot express to you how much the service on this occasion was benefited from the exertions of the Officers, viz. Lieutenant Jeffries, of the Royal Navy, Lieutenant Higginson, of the Royal Marines, and Lieutenants C. Forbes and Cursham, of the Madras European Regiment, their bravery was conspicuous, on every occasion, and the success in carrying the fort, is entirely to be attributed to their great presence of mind in conducting men in a dark night, preventing confusion incident on such an occasion, and the gallant manner in which they mounted the Walls.

To the Marines, Seamen, Detachment of Coast Artillery, Madras European Regiment and Amboyna Corps, every praise that can be given to men is due. The fatigue endured by the Seamen in dragging the gun, and bringing up the ammunition was great, and the six Seamen who carried the Ladder, are deserving of notice.

I have the honor to enclose you a Return of the Killed and Wounded; I attribute the small loss on this occasion to the darkness of the night, and the quickness of the advance of the party.

I have, &c.
(Signed) DAVID FORBES,
Capt. Commanding the Troops.

A True Copy.
(Signed) M. H. COURT,
Captain Commanding.

A True Copy.
N. B. EDMONSTONE,
Chief Sec. to the Govt.

Ternate, Fort Orange,
1st September 1810.

General Orders, by the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

FORT WILLIAM, February 9, 1811.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint Lieutenant General Forbes Champagne, to the Staff in India, in his advanced rank of Lieutenant General, and Major General John Sullivan Wood, to the Staff of Bengal, Lieutenant General Champagne and Major General Wood are admitted to the Staff of this Presidency.

Major General Hugh Stafford and Major General James Morris, are appointed to the Staff of the Bengal Army, from the 1st of March next, in the room of Major General Macdonald, and Major General Palmer.

On this occasion, the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to express in Public Orders, his entire approbation of the services and conduct of the respectable and meritorious Officers who will retire from the Staff, under the operation of the foregoing Order, and in conformity to the established rules of the Service.

The services of Major General Macdonald have been repeatedly acknowledged, and were noticed with approbation by the late Commander in Chief Lord Lake, during the War with the Marhatta Chieftains, and especially in the glorious & decisive battle of Laswaree. Since the appointment of Major Macdonald to the Staff more than one occasion has arisen within his Command requiring the exertion of firmness, judgment, temper and decision, and His Lordship in Council is happy to acknowledge the benefit which the public service has derived from the union of those qualities in Major General Macdonald.

Major General Palmer was appointed to the Staff of the Army, after a long, able, and honorable course of service, in high and confidential situations, under successive Governments, during which, his public merits were invariably felt and acknowledged, and his judgment, talents and experience, were exerted in securing and promoting the interests of the Honorable Company, in many important and trying conjunctures. The eminent services of Major General Palmer are well known to the public, and occupy a distinguished place on the records of this Government, and His Lordship in Council experiences cordial satisfaction in declaring that Major General Palmer has manifested since his appointment to the Staff of this Army, the same spirit of zeal, honor, and attachment to the public interest, which has always marked his public conduct.

J. ADAM,
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM,
Public Department, February 20, 1811.

Notice is hereby given that all the Promissory Notes of this Government, standing on the General Register of this Presidency from No. 5,001 to 5,000, of 1810-11 will be discharged at the General Treasury, on Saturday the 6th of April next, on which day the interest thereon will cease.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

(Signed) C. M. RICKETTS, Sec. to the Government.

Accounts were received at the Bankshall on the 13th curt. of the arrival, in Balasore Roads, of the Honorable Company's Cruizers Thetis, Captain Maxfield, and Malabar, Captain Dean, from the Isle of France. The Thetis sailed on the 3d, and the Malabar on the 15th December. Both vessels had a tediouspassage. The Thetis struck Soundings on the 3d current, but, having fallen over to the Eastward, did not reach Saugor Roads, until Sunday last.

Captain Macmurdo, of the Bombay Establishment, and Aid de Camp to his Excellency Lieut. General Abercromby, has arrived with the Malabar from the Isle of France, charged with the original dispatch from his Excellency to the Supreme Government, communicating the particulars of the reduction of the Island. Capt. Macmurdo landed in town yesterday morning. The previous arrivals from the Mauritius have anticipated the accounts received by the present opportunity.

The Hon'ble Company's ship William Pitt, Captain Graham, arrived at Kedgeree on Sunday last, from the Mauritius. She left Port Louis on the 20th December. The letters by this conveyance add nothing to our former stock of intelligence from the Isle of France.

Between 2 and 300 troops of his Majesty's 24th regiment, have arrived on the William Pitt, from the Mauritius.

The Georgiana, packet, Captain Leigh, will be finally despatched for the Cape and England, in the course of the ensuing week.

The Honorable Company's ships City of London, Hugh Inglis and Phœnix, now having on board their cargoes, homeward-bound, will, we understand, sail early in April.

The private ship Matilda, burthen between 7 and 800 tons, sold yesterday by Messrs Tulloh and Co. was purchased by Captain Haig, for Sicca Rupees 1,99,000.

Calcutta Morning Post

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1811.

Since our last publication, the undermentioned vessels have entered the river, viz.

Honorable Company's cruizers Thetis and Malabar; Honorable Company's ship William Pitt, from the Mauritius; American brig Gulliver, from Liverpool, (England), and the Country ship Elephant, from Rangoon.

The following Passengers have arrived from Rangoon:—

Captain D. Campbell,—Mr. Pritchett, Missionary.

Letters received by this arrival, represent the country as in a state of open rebellion, against the Kingly authority.

The Elephant, we understand, had been employed for a considerable time as a transport, by the Rangoon government. An unprecedented scarcity of timber prevailed at Rangoon, when the Elephant sailed.

On the arrival of the City of London, which spoke the Gulliver, in Saugor Roads, it was reported, that the vessel had left England, so recently as the 30th of September.

This report, however, proves incorrect, having left Liverpool on the 12th of that month, the day previous to the departure of the Matilda.

The Gulliver touched at Madeira, and sailed thence on the 3d October; hence the origin of the rumour, which assigned that date, as the period of her departure, from Liverpool.

No intelligence, relative to the engagement between the armies of Lord Wellington and Massena, appears to have reached Madeira, at the above date.

When in latitude 37 50 north, longitude 14 41 west, the Gulliver fell in with and spoke His Majesty's Brig Virago, from whom she is said to have learnt the surrender of Almeida, to the French. The Virago was proceeding to England, as convoy to a fleet, consisting of 27 sail of transports and merchantmen; but, from what port, does not appear to have been ascertained. An omission, which coupled with the story of the transports being crouded with troops, renders the whole account extremely doubtful.

The Gulliver imports treasure to a considerable amount, besides 300 hogsheads of beer; a supply, which, we hope, will reduce the price of that article, to a more reasonable standard.

The private ship Elizabeth, Captain Richardson, we understand, was sold in England for £12,000. The purchaser, a Mr. Hutton. Captain R. returns on the Elizabeth to Bengal.

BENGAL HURKARU,

SATURDAY, FEB. 23, 1811.

Arrived yesterday from Penang, the 5th inst. the country ship Mary, Captain Allan. We have received by her our regular supply of Penang Newspapers, but regret to find that they contain nothing important or amusing. They come down to the 2d instant.

Passengers per Mary —Mrs Allan,—John Macalister, and John Scott, Esqrs

We were further informed by the Mary, that the H. C.'s brig John Bebb, Captain McQuoid, which sailed from this port in company with the fleet to Amboyna, as we have already announced, had safely arrived at Prince of Wales' Island. She had met with very unfavorable weather, having been exposed to calms, which had greatly retarded her progress.

The Windham, Captain Friend, and the Lady Rollo, Captain R. Jones, both from this port, had arrived at Penang about the middle of last month.

The following passengers went round on board the Windham:—Mrs. Gough,—Major Armstrong, and Brigade Major Gough,—Mr. Fortescue, Civil Service,—and Mr. Lawrie, of the Medical Establishment.

Passengers on the Lady Rollo:—David Jones Esq. Register of the Court of Judicature at Penang.

Brigade Major Gough and Lady, we understand, intend to return on the Windham, which it was expected would leave Penang on the 10th inst. The Fifeshire, a vessel lately built at Penang, was also to have sailed a few days after the Mary.

The Mary has made an uncommonly quick voyage, having been less than six weeks, from the time of leaving her Bengal pilot until her return.

THE MERCHANTS' SPLENDID FETE.

On Thursday evening last, the 21st instant, the metropolis of British India witnessed one of the grandest spectacles that the public have been gratified with for a long time.

That opulent and munificent body of men, THE MERCHANTS OF CALCUTTA, impressed with gratitude and respect for the able and decided counsels which had led to the completion of the conquest of those Islands, the late nests of Pirates and Marauders for so many years past, resolved to demonstrate their feelings on the glorious occasion by uniting to entertain the Governor General with the most brilliant reception that taste could devise and luxury supply. Moore's Rooms were chosen as the place best adapted for decorations suited to the rank of their Noble Visitor. His Lordship was condescendingly pleased to accept of their invitation for the evening of Thursday the 14th instant; but, as we have before observed, admitted of the indispensable postponement from that day, on account of the length of time required for the preparations.

For some days prior to last Thursday, the two inlets leading to the entrance of Moore's Rooms, displayed the shell-work to support illuminations.

The top of the lane leading from the North East side of the Government House was covered by a Triumphal Arch, supported on each side by two pillars of variegated lamps running up them from the base in wreaths, and terminating in a clustering crescent, under which the name MINTO appeared in large characters. The lane from the Chouringhee Road, was also splendidly illuminated on each side so as to form a way for carriages to draw up at Moore's. On the front of the Rooms, the letters G. R. under the imperial crown were decyphered with lamps.

The immense and unseasonable quantity of rain which had fallen during the whole of the day, prevented the illuminations having the brilliant effect which they would have had in finer weather, but the interior decorations amply compensated for this unavoidable accident.

The entrance towards the Dancing-room, displayed the colors of England triumphantly waving over those of the *Great Nation.* A large transparency, representing Britannia receiving from a female native of the Mauritius the productions of the Island, was placed in one of the partitions between the Dancing-room and that immediately contiguous.—Over the five arched door-ways leading from the Orchestra Room to the Pic-Nic Room, appeared transparencies in the following order:—In the centre, the emblazoned armorial bearings of the Illustrious Visitor. On the right of them the name of BERTIE in large letters headed with a coronet, and the motto, *Imperium pelagi Nobis;*—and the name of ABERCROMBY with the

motto *Fortes creantur Fortibus*:—On the left of His Lordship's arms, the name of ROWLEY, headed with a coronet, and the motto, *Gallis Oceano expulsis*;—and WARDE, with the motto *Fugatis ex IndiaGallis*.

At the further end of the Pic-nic or Masquerade Room, were two other transparencies, executed in a most masterly style, the production as were the others, we understand, of Mr. Home. The one represents an elegant and highly-finished view from the seaward of the Island of Mauritius, with some of the beautiful landscapery of the country, and a distinct view of Port Napoleon and the shipping riding at anchor in the harbor.

The other is a representation of two figures, one of whom, (Fame) appears hovering in the air, pronouncing to the genius of our happy land the tidings of the capture of Bourbon and Mauritius, who is in the act of recording them in the annals of heroism.

The rooms were crouded at an early hour, and the display of beauty, elegance and fashion far exceeded any thing we have witnessed during the late cold season. We understand, that there were issued no less than 600 cards of invitation.

His Lordship, attended by the ladies of his family and suite, entered the rooms a little before ten o'clock. His arrival was announced by the Band striking up the loyal and national tune of "*God save the King*," which was a signal for the expansion of those feelings which the events the entertainment was intended to commemorate and rejoice at occasioned in every heart, and which were displayed in every countenance. The dances soon commenced, and were continued until one o'clock, when his Lordship was attended by the gentlemen who officiated as masters of the ceremonies to the supper table, where a superb refreshment was prepared, consisting of every delicacy possible to be obtained. His Lordship, soon after supper, retired; but the delicious viands and wines had charms sufficient for many loitering lovers of *good things*; and "many times and oft" the Islands of Mauritius and Bourbon were again captured; and many heroic sighs of regret were mixed with bumpers of Champagne that so few were the deeds of valor our enemies allowed us to perform before they surrendered.

BOMBAY GAZETTE,

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 27, 1811.

Extract of a letter from the Supra Cargoes at Canton, dated 26th Nov. 1810.

12. We have the honor to inclose an Extract from instructions we have recently received from the Honourable the Court of Directors forbidding any advance being made on account of pay and allowance to officers visiting China in the service either of His Majesty or the Honourable Company: we deem it necessary to make this order known to you for general information that officers, thus situated, may not experience inconvenience from the expectation of an accommodation of which they must necessarily be deprived.

Extract of a letter from the Honourable Court, dated the 12th January 1810.

Para. 7. We cannot disapprove of the advances you made on the season 1808-9 to those officers who were detained in China, by the stoppage of Trade, as in this situation it appears that all the officers, to whom you made advances in that season, were, except one; but trusting that such a cause of detention will not occur again, we direct that in future upon no account whatever, you make any advances to officers either in the King's or Company's service.

Bombay Castle, 20th February 1811.

The Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that in future all advances made at this Presidency, to officers belonging to the Establishment of Fort William and Fort St. George, be made on receipts, the regular Abstracts for the pay and allowances of such officers remaining for adjustment at their own Presidency.

February 20th.—Arrived Grab ship Meracetty, Captain G. A. String from Acheen.

Ditto 23d ditto.—Chaser Armed Boat, Tindel Cassemjee from Surat.

Ditto 25th ditto.—Brig Aleppe, Commander Joaquim Correya from Aleppe.

English Extracts.

LONDON,—JULY 2.

Baronets.—Next year is to be a Jubilee for Baronets of England, it being their 200th year from their first institution. The Premier Baronet is Sir Edmund Bacon of Raveningham, Norfolk; the creation 22d of May, 1611. There are nearly 600 Baronets, and since the union with Ireland, the peerage of that kingdom not only being limited, but decreasing, as three of the existing peerages must become extinct before one new Peer is created, the Sovereign finds it necessary to reward with a baronetage, those persons to whom formerly an Irish peerage would have been given; so that the creations will, in future, be more frequent. On the 22d May, next year, it is proposed to have a grand gala in honour of the day, and of the order.

The German Journalists remark with regret, that at their annual fairs the exhibition of new works of solid information, on moral and political topics, has been rapidly diminishing for a series of years; and that at the late Leipsic fair scarcely any thing was produced but novels, and other productions of a light and frivolous cast. But while all of them lament the effect, not one dares to assign the cause; the oppressive tyranny, exercised by the French Government over the press of the Continent.

The French empire, from a recent calculation, contains the following population:—Inhabitants who speak the French language 28,126,000; the German 2,705,000; the Flemish 2,277,000; the Brelen 967,000; the Basque 108,000—forming a total of 38,262,000.

By the new Act for amending the laws now in force respecting the trade of bakers, it is enacted that no person shall bake bread of any kind on Sundays: nor to bake housekeeper's dishes, &c. or sell any bread, but between the hours of ten and half-past one, on that day, under the penalty of 5s for the first offence, 10s. for the second, and for the third 15s. It also enacts that no meat, &c. shall be brought to or taken from the bake house during the time of divine service, under the same penalties.

In the reign of Henry the 3d at the request of the Citizens of London, it was enacted, that ladies' of *easy virtue* should were no other hood than one striped with various colours, nor any fans; and moreover that their garments should be worn reversed, or the wrong side outwards.

A letter from Philadelphia states the following curious circumstance.—About the middle of June, 1809, some men digging for gold in the province of Quito, in South America, met with some substance extremely hard, about two feet below the surface of the the Earth. They dug it up; and it proved to be the shaft of a column, exquisitely ornamented with grape vines, &c. This induced them to dig farther; and they met with a prodigious quantity of remains of elegant columns, beautiful arches, and every thing belonging to the most beautiful buildings. These are to be found about two miles in circumference, and are in appearance, the remains of a large City, but when erected, or by whom is uncertain. Thus far is certain, that the figures on them are Mexican from their shape, colour, dress, &c. They must have been erected by some great nation, of which the present natives are descendants.

Soldiers Deserting.—If any soldier who shall have been tried by Court Martial, for desertion and convicted thereof, shall be again tried and convicted for the same offence, the court may, if it should so think fit, in addition to any other punishment it may award for any such subsequent desertion, order that such deserter be marked on the left side, two inches below the armpit, with the letter D; and such letter not to be less than half an inch in length, and be marked on the skin with some ink or gunpowder, or some other preparation, so as to be visible and conspicuous, and not to be obliterated.

Dublin, June 21.—Tuesday last, while Mr. Lawler of Craig, and all his domestcis were at the fair of Carric, four armed Caravats visited his house for the purpose of robbing it of arms; they entered the house, when Miss Lawler, who was up stairs, on hearing them demand arms from a female servant below, took up a blunderbuss, and declared she would instantly fire at the first of them, who should attempt to ascend the staircase. Her undaunted behaviour so intimidated the villians, that they decamped without effecting their purpose. Miss Lawler then fired two or three shots to alarm the neighbourhood, who pursued the ruffians, but we are sorry to add without success.

Description of Portsmouth, by John Leland, about the year 1540.

The land on the East side of Portsmouth Harbour runneth farther, by a great way, strait into the sea, by South East, than it doth at the West point.—There is, at this point of the Haven, or Harbour, Portsmouth town and a great round Tower, almost double in quantity and strength to that on the West side of the Haven, right against it; and here is a mighty chain of iron to draw from Tower to Tower. About a quarter of a mile above this Town is a great Dock for ships, and in this Dock lieth the ribs of *Henry Grace of Dieu*, one of the biggest ships that hath been made in the memory of man. There be above this Dock two Creeks in the Haven.

The town of Portsmouth is murid (walled) from the East Tower a furaugh length, with a mud wall armed with timber, whereon be great pieces of both of iron and brass ordinance and this piece of the wall having a ditch without it, runneth so far flat South, South East, and is the place most apt to defend the town, there open on the Haven.—There runneth a ditch almost flat East for a space, and within it is a wall of mudde lyke to the other, and so thence goeth round about the town for the circuit of a mile.—There is a gate of timber at the North end of the town, and by it cast up and hill of earth ditched, wherein be guns to defend the entrance into the town by land. There is much vacant ground within the town wall. There is one fair street in the town from West to North East.—There is but one Parish Church in the town. There is a Chapel in the vacant ground to the South West side of the town towards the wall and the shore. There is also in the South West of the town a fair Hospital, some time erected by Petrus de Rupibus, Bishop of Winchester, wherein were lately 12 poor men, and yet six be in it.

I learned in the town that the two Towers in the Haven's mouth were begun in Edward the 4th's time, and set forward in building by Richard the 3d. King Henth 7th ended them at the procuration of Fox, Bishop of Winchester. King Henry 7th at his first wars into France erected, in the South part of the town, three great Brewing Houses with the implements, to serve his ships at such time as they shall go to sea in time of war.—One Carpenter, a rich man, made of late time, in the middle of the Hign-street of the town, a Town House.—The town of Portsmouth is bare and little occupied in time of peace.—Henry 7th of late time set in Portsmouth, Captains and certain soldiers in garrison.

August 13, 1810.

The superiority of iron for roofs in lieu of wood, in strength, durability, and expense, is exemplified in a roof lately constructed by the Aberdare Iron Company, and put up at Newport, Monmouthshire. It covers a building 40 feet long, and 21 feet wide over the walls, and consists of seven main couples, two leading couples, and wall-plating, all of cast iron, wrought iron laths, screwpins, &c. total weight 2ton, 4cwt. 2qrs. 20lb. being sufficiently strong to sustain the heaviest stone tile of this country, and is in itself lighter than one of wood, of which substance there is not one particle. The main couples are made in three pieces, the collar or tie-beam of which forms part of a circle, thereby giving much more head-room than is possible with wood, and holes are left in the same for the purpose of fixing ceiling joists, making an handsome covered ceiling; it requires neither side-pieces nor rafters, the wrought iron laths being a substitute for both. The whole roofing, after being fitted together, and taken to pieces again, at Aberdare iron works, was put into one waggon, and conveyed to Tredagar iron works, there unloaded into a train waggon, and taken down the Sirrowy tram-road, through Sir C. Morgan's park, to Newport, in twenty-four hours, a distance of thirty-six miles. It was then fitted together again, and fixed on the walls completely ready for the tiler in less than five hours, who, having no laths to prepare or nail on, can tile a roof in half the time it could be done on one constructed of wood. They are applicable to building of all sizes, can be put up at a much less expense per square than any other, and are of course, far more durable.

A long and interesting reply has been published by Gen. Sarrazin to Bonaparte, it is addressed "*General Bonaparte*," and contains the chief part of the circumstances of the military life of General Sarrazin: we have extracted those parts that appear most striking.

"Since you broke me with the army of Italy on being only suspected, why did you restore me with the army of Brest? If we would obtain credit, we must at least be consistent, and preserve an appearance of truth. You have appealed to my 21st and last memorial: I beg you to read it throughout; sooner or later, truth will get the better of imposture. On the 18th of June you had given General Clarke no orders to make any report to you respecting me; on the 21 of July you learned that I was in London, busy in unmasking your designs. You thereupon dictated to your secretary, what you believed would do me injury, and you made General Clarke sign it with his name. The whole world knows that your Ministers are only but so many puppets, not even excepting General Berthier himself. You expressed yourself well pleased with the manuscript copy of "*Instructions for Troops during a Campaign*," which I had sent you at Passeriano, in July, 1797. It being intended that I should make one to accompany the embassy to Vienna, and being come to Paris to proceed on my diplomatic mission, you gave me a good reception, and, proposed to me to accompany you to Egypt; but on my refusal to leave Bernadotte, you insinuated to the Directory, that *a Republic ought to have no Gentlemen following their Ambassadors*; and I was sent off to the Army of England, commanded by Gen. Desaix. Being returned to France, after having been taken prisoner in Ireland, I was employed with the Army of Italy. Gen. Joubert sent me with eight battalions to the Army of Rome, commanded by General Championnet, and afterwards by General Macdonald. After the retreat of Naples, this army joined that of Italy at Genoa, then commanded by General Moreau. Government sent me out letters of service for the Army of Switzerland, commanded by Gen. Massena. At Paris, on my way, Gen. Bernadotte, then a Minister, gave me the office of the Marches of Troops in the war Department, and afterwards that of the Appointments. You were still in Egypt. It was at that time intended to overthrow the Directory and appoint three Consuls. Jourdan, Augereau, and Bernadotte were the Generals named; I was to have been appointed War Ministar. Acting upon the information I received from Bernadotte, and thinking that my obligations to him required of me to extricate him from so dangerous a step, I acquainted him with all that was doing by the Directors Sieyes and Barras, who set the machines of the Jacobins to work. In order to requite my zeal, the Directory appointed me Ambassador to Holland, but I refused to accept of this embassy, being attached to the army by taste and inclination. On your return from Egypt, you received me with transports of joy. You advised me not to give in my resignation, and you told me you would in a little time appoint me General of a Division. I was your fellow labourer on the 18th Brumaire, (November) 1799.—Bernadotte who had refused you his assistance, and who was near running you through the body, when you first proposed your designs to him, had retired to my estate in the country, near Paris. You employed me to visit him, to pacify him, and to bring him back to his true interests. You may remember that it was at this very time that I presented you and Madame Bonaparte, as well as nearly the whole of your family, with some very valuable cameos which were accepted, and gave great satisfaction. My delicacy would never have permitted me to have declared this circumstance, if you had not forced me, by your infamous narrative, to the necessity of shewing the footing of intimacy I was once upon with you.

"In August, 1800, General Murat had the command of ten thousand grenadiers, part of the camp of Amiens. You ordered me to go there to discipline them, a duty which the General was incapable of performing. In October, there was a plot to set the Opera House on fire, and to assassinate you in the midst of the confusion. In thirty hours, I marched thirty leagues with these grenadiers. You were as much astonished as you were pleased with this forced march: Murat was with you at Paris at this time. You reviewed these troops at Versailles; you overwhelmed me with compliments upon the occasion, and you had not less than sixty general officers with you at that time. It is certain that the grenadiers belonging to the marine, who had been only twenty days on shore, exercised as well as if they had been veterans. During our stay at Versailles I often went and mounted guard at Malmaison. You cannot have forgot the circumstance of a ladder having been discovered, fixed up against one of the windows of your apartments. The discovery is noted in my observations. I signed your appointment as Emperor; I was one of the Generals present when Murat made his proclamation speech to you at the Thuilleries. I recollect well all that the Generals Massena, Augereau, Macdonald, Bernadotte, &c. said to you, as well as your answers. You will find them very exactly related in my observations. The public can only excuse the falsities, mistakes, and absurdities of your narrative, by imputing them to the flurry into which the accident of the first of July, at the hotel of the Austrian ambassador, must necessarily have thrown you; and what the more confirms me in this opinion, is, that this narrative is dated on the 21 of July. Stationed on the Island of Cadsand, I then began to detest you. All I did was out of regard for the troops. I established an hospital in an empty house; complaint was made of this circumstance, and on the foundation of this complaint, you sent me to the camp at Boulogne, where I remained fifteen months. You had your private reasons, which will be known some time hence; I saw them in your eyes when you reviewed at Boulogne, on the 25th of May. Fouche would not put me under an arrest, because you only went upon suspicion. *You disgraced him by sending him to Rome*, and you appointed as his successor Savary, a man as ready to execute all your orders as he was to strangle Pichegru. If I had staid only four and twenty hours longer in Boulogne, you must own, that I should have been consigned to a dungeon at Vincennes, or to the ditches of that castle, as was the truly unfortunate Duke d'Enghien!!! I have constantly lived in the greatest harmony with general officers and public administrators that were creditable. I have commanded or have been known to all the Regiments that form the French army; all of which esteem and value me. I have levied no contributions but in the country about Naples, by order of General Macdonald, for the supply of the Military chest. I am well acquainted with Germany, Italy, and France; all the places of strength, and nearly the whole coast from the Scheldt to Trieste. The entire substance of this narrative is supported by eighty-four official documents, which are deposited in the hands of the Secretary of State for the Foreign Department in London. I shall now produce only fifteen, of different dates; the remaining documents, under the hands of Rochambeau, Berthe[illegible], Macdonald, Bernadotte, Murat, and others, will be printed with my observations; wherein, I beg leave to assure you, you will find some very striking details, the remembrance of which, and with some reason, you have nearly lost. When I quitted France, I acted consistently with my obligation to honor, when you qualified this use of the rights of man with the odious term of *cowardly desertion*; you judged of my conduct according to your own, when you left Egypt. I gave you my oath of fidelity; you swore to make justice the principal of your government; you were the first to violate your oath; and you have released me from all engagements with respect to yourself. Know that the whole army abhors you. Of three hundred and sixty Generals, who compose the staff of the army, more than three hundred detest you. About forty, whom you have gorged with money, and half-a-dozen of whom have followed your example by discarding their first wives, appear attached to you. Their protection will not save you from the whole vengeance of the nation. On the first favourable opportunity, and the time is not distant, the whole army and all France will shew you, that *a tyrant cannot become so through perjury, without meeting his merited punishment.*

By a recent Act of Parliament the Court are empowered to transport for life all persons convicted of picking pockets.

ADVERTISEMENT.

PROBATE of the last Will and Testament and Codicil, of Major JAMES RICHARD COATES, deceased; late of His Majesty's 69th Regiment, having been granted, by the Supreme Court at Madras, to Mrs. SARAH SHEA, (the Wife of ALEXANDER SHEA, Serjeant Major in His Majesty's 89th Regiment) as the sole Executrix therein named; all persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the said estate, are requested forthwith to state their claims, pay their debts, and deliver up the property to the said Executrix in Fort St. George.

FORT ST. GEORGE, *8th March*, 1811.

ADVERTISEMENT.

LETTERS of Administration to the Estate and Effects of JOHN LONG, late a Lieut. Col. in the Military Service of the Honorable East India Company on the Madras Establishment, deceased; having been granted by the Honorable the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras to Major E. P. LONG, as next of Kin to the said deceased, all persons having demands upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the said Estate, are requested to state their claims, pay their Debts, and deliver up the property to Messrs. HUNTER HAY and Co. Attorneys to the said Administrator.

MADRAS, *11th March*, 1811.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Tickets for the second Class of the present Government Lottery, will be Ready for exchanging at the Lottery Office on the 1st of April next, and that the Drawing of that Class, will commence on the 1st of May following.

J. L. HEEFKE,
AGENT.

FORT ST. GEORGE, *6th March* 1811.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

THE GOOD AND COPPERED BRIG,
CALLED
SUMATRA,
BURTHEN ABOUT
SIXTY-FIVE TONS,
JUST ARRIVED
FROM PENANG,
FOR PARTICULARS
APPLY TO
Messrs. S. and G. Sam,
ARMENIAN STREET,

MR. WILKINS,

HAS FOR SALE
AT HIS
GÒDOWN,
ON THE BEACH,
NEAR
MR. HURST'S
SHOP,

A QUANTITY of Blue Salempores of different qualities, and other Piece Goods adopted for the Trade of the Eastern Island, which are to be disposed of at very moderate prices.

BEACH, *11th March*, 1811.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

AT
T. BIRTLES'S,
REPOSITORY,
ON THE
M'OUNT ROAD,
(AND MAY BE SEEN BY GIVING A SHORT NOTICE.)

THREE good large Camels which will be sold singly, or together, at the very low Price of 50 Pagodas each.

11th March, 1811.

A FINE TURTLE will be dressed at the MADRAS TOTEL, to-morrow Wednesday, and another on Thursday the 14th, Soup will be ready by 1 o'clock.

SALES BY AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Ashton & Meppen,
This-day, TUESDAY, the 12th March,
AT 11 O'CLOCK,
BY ORDER OF
P. PUGET, Esq.
RESIDENT COMMISSIONER OF THE NAVY AT
MADRAS,
AND
CAPTAIN COLE,
COMMANDING HIS MAJESTY'S SHIP
CAROLINE,
EXECUTORS OF HIS EXCELLENCY
THE LATE
Vice Admiral Drury,
COMMANDING
HIS MAJESTY'S SEA FORCES
IN
INDIA,
THE FOLLOWING
ARTICLES,
THE PROPERTY OF THE
DECEASED;
VIZ.

A HANDSOME Curricle with a pair of young and strong Sumatra Horses, a beautiful large Grey Arab Saddle Horse, of a noble figure and fine action.

ALSO
THE FOLLOWING
LIVE STOCK,

Twenty-eight Sheep, 19 do. of a different kind, 3 Goats, 2 Milch Cows, 1 young do. 1 Calf, 80 Geese, 21 Turkeys, 70 Wild Ducks, 120 Teal, about 6 dozen Pigeons, a quantity of Patridges and Quail, 2 beautiful Crown Pigeons, a large Cassawary, and a small ditto.

N. B. The whole of the LIVE STOCK is of the best kind that could be procured, and are in excellent order, they will be sold in such quantities, as may best suit the Purchasers.

☞ The Sale to take place at his late Excellency's Gardens.

ON FRIDAY,

THE 15th INSTANT,
AT 1 O'CLOCK PRECISELY,
WILL BE SOLD
BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Ashton & Meppen,
POSITIVELY TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

A PET ELEPHANT, about 2 years old, he might be taken to Europe without much inconvenience, as he is very small, and perfectly quiet.

AFTER WHICH WILL BE SOLD.

A steady Arab Saddle Horse, of a fine temper and perfectly quiet, the above is the property of a Gentleman who is going to Europe, by the present fleet.

ON FRIDAY,

THE 15th INSTANT,
WILL BE SOLD
BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Ashton & Meppen,
AT THEIR ROOMS,
AS FOLLOWS,

A YOUNG ARAB HORSE, that has been used to go with another in a Curricle, he is sound, a serviceable Curricle with Hood, in tolerable good repair, a set of Curricle Harness, in pretty fair order, the above is the property of a Gentleman who is going to Europe by the present fleet, they must consequently be sold to the highest bidder.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION,
By Balfour and Hogg,

A SINGLE Barrelled Rifle GUN, by MORTIMER, in a Case.

Price 125 Pagodas.

SALES BY AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION;
By Ashton & Meppen,
On SATURDAY next, the 16th Instant,
SALE TO COMMENCE,
AT 11 O'CLOCK,
BY ORDER OF
P. PUGET, Esq.
RESIDENT COMMISSIONER OF THE NAVY AT
MADRAS,
AND
CAPTAIN COLE,
COMMANDING HIS MAJESTY'S SHIP
CAROLINE,
EXECUTORS OF HIS EXCELLENCY
THE LATE
Vice Admiral Drury,
COMMANDING
HIS MAJESTY'S SEA FORCES
IN
INDIA,
THE WHOLE OF THE PROPERTY
OF THE
DECEASED;
CONSISTING OF
A GREAT VARIETY
OF
ARTICLES,
CHIEFLY AS FOLLOWS.

PLATE, Plated Ware, a great quantity of fine Table Linen, Madeira in Pipes and Quarter Casks, a quantity of Carbonel's Claret, a few dozen of Champaign, a few dozen of French and Dutch Claret, a quantity of very Old Madeira in bottles, a Cask of Rum, and a great quantity of other Wines and Liquors, which will be more particularly mentioned in Catalogues.

A large quantity of black and Hyson Tea of a superior quality, several Tubs of Sugar Candy, China Hams, several Casks of Bengal Salt Provisions, in fine order, and a great variety of other Articles, also a quantity of Wearing Apparel, the greatest part of which are very fine, and new.

Catalogues are publishing and will be distributed on Thursday or sooner if possible, the Articles will be ready for inspection on Wednesday, and Ashton or Meppen will give their attendance at the Gardens of his late Excellency, from that day, until the Sale is over.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION.
By Ashton & Meppen,
AT THEIR ROOMS,
FACING THE ESPLANADE,
On FRIDAY next, the 15th Instant,
SALE TO COMMENCE,
AT 11 O'CLOCK,

A QUANTITY of Plate, China and Glass Ware, Furniture, chiefly consisting as follows, three handsome Cots with Bedding, &c. a pair of handsome Egyptian Couches, with new Europe Chints Covers, handsome Chittagong Wood Chairs, Blackwood Do. neat Blackwood Shade Stands and Tea Poys, and a great variety of other Furniture.

Catalogues are publishing and will be distributed on Wednesday, the above Articles are the property of a Gentleman, who has left the Presidency, they are in general in good order and neat.

MESSIEURS
Dobbin & Sutherland,
WILL SELL ON THE SPOT,
On SATURDAY next, the 16th Instant,
Between the hours of 4 and 5 in the Afternoon,
(If not previously disposed of by Private Contract)

A PIECE of GROUND, situated at Porashewakum, containing between five and six Cawnies.

The Ground is high and pleasantly situated, a most desirable spot for the erecting of small Houses for the monthly rent of 20 Pagodas, "*a description of Houses so much required,*" a good road to it, and about 15 minutes drive to the Fort. It will be marked out and sold in lots of about one Cawney. Persons will come provided to pay down ten per cent. at the time of sale, and one month will be allowed for the remainder.

For particulars enquire at the Auction Room.

SALES BY AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Balfour and Hogg,
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOM,
To-morrow, WEDNESDAY, the 13th Instant,
SALE TO COMMENCE,
AT HALF PAST TEN O'CLOCK,

THIRTY Pieces of 22 Punjum Cloths, eight Native Women's red Cloths, with handsome Gold borders, (from Madura) six pair of Men's Upper Sashes.

ALSO
A PIECE OF
WHITE CASSIMERE,
AND
ONE PIECE OF
Lilac Coloured Crape.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Balfour and Hogg,
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOM,
To-morrow, WEDNESDAY, the 13th Instant,
AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK,
TO CLOSE A CONCERN,
A QUANTITY
OF
STATIONARY,
AND
CUTLERY.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Balfour and Hogg,
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOM,
To-morrow, WEDNESDAY, the 13th Instant,
SALE TO COMMENCE,
AT HALF PAST TEN O'CLOCK,

TWO Boxes of Glass Ware, consisting of Plain Pint and half Pint Tumblers, Pint and half Pint Cut do. Madeira and Claret Glasses, (plain.)

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Balfour and Hogg,
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOM,
On SATURDAY next, the 16th Instant,
SALE TO COMMENCE,
AT HALF PAST TEN O'CLOCK,

FIVE Casks of Rum, which will be put up in lots of 5 10 or 15 Gallons to suit the convenience of purchasers.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
BY
Dobbin & Sutherland,
On THURSDAY next, the 14th Instant,
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOM,
SALE TO COMMENCE
AT HALF PAST TEN O'CLOCK,
THE PROPERTY OF
Joseph Baker, Esq.
RETURNING TO
EUROPE,
AS ALREADY ADVERTISED,
PARTICULARS OF WHICH
WILL BE MENTIONED IN
HAND-BILLS,
PREVIOUS TO THE DAY OF SALE.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION,
By Balfour and Hogg,
A FEW DOZEN
OF
FRENCH LIQUERES.
CONSISTING OF

HUILE de ROSE, Huile de Venus, Creme de Caffe, Parfait Amour, Giroffle, Ratafra, Jassemin, Millifleurs and Muscat.

Fine Long Cloths,

Balfour and Hogg,
HAVE RECEIVED
FOR SALE
ON COMMISSION,

A BALE of fine Long Cloths, recently received from the Northward.

MADRAS:—PRINTED BY WILLIAM SMITH, OPPOSITE THE WALLAJAH GATE IN THE FORT.

*** It is requested that those SUBSCRIBERS to the COURIER, who are occasionally changing their Residence, will give early notice of the place to which they remove to the PRINTER, who will pay attention to their orders: and any SUBSCRIBERS at the Presidency to whom the Peons may not deliver the Paper in proper time, are requested to give information of the same, in order that this irregularity may be prevented in future.